

PHYS 1311

Spring 2016

Chapter 3 problems

Problems P11, P23, P27, P39, P43, P47, P55

1-31-2016

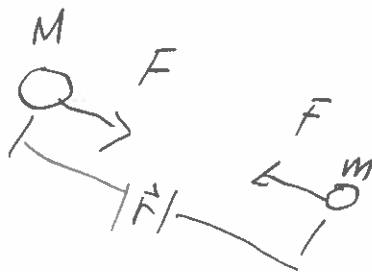
Problem P11

$$|\vec{F}_{\text{grav}}| = \frac{GMm}{|\vec{r}|^2} = F$$

$$|\vec{r}| = r$$

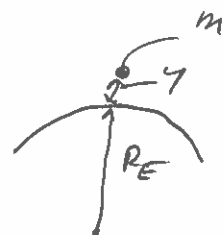
$$r_2 = 4r, m_2 = 3m$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{New Force} = \frac{GM(3m)}{(4r)^2} = \frac{3GMm}{16r^2} = \boxed{3F/16}$$



Problem P23 what's given

$$\frac{GM_E m}{(R_E + y)^2} = 0.99 \frac{GM_E m}{R_E^2} = 0.99g$$



$$(R_E + y)^2 = \frac{R_E^2}{0.99} \quad \text{or} \quad R_E^2 + y^2 + 2R_E y = \frac{R_E^2}{0.99}$$

$$\text{or} \quad 0.0101 R_E^2 - y^2 - 2R_E y = 0$$

$$\text{or} \quad y^2 + (2R_E)y - 0.0101 R_E^2 = 0$$

$$\text{or} \quad y = \frac{-(2R_E) \pm \sqrt{4R_E^2 + 4(1)(0.0101 R_E^2)}}{2}$$

$$= -R_E \pm \sqrt{1.0101 R_E^2} = -R_E \pm 1.005 R_E$$

$$= \boxed{0.005 R_E}, -2.005 R_E = 0.005 (6.4 \times 10^6 \text{ m})$$

$$\boxed{y = 3.2 \times 10^4 \text{ m}}$$

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Problem P27

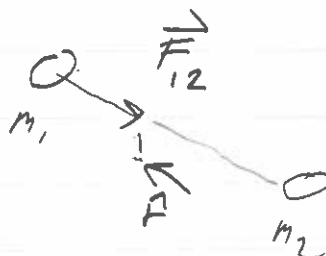
$$t_i = 532.5$$

$$m_1 = 1400 \text{ kg}$$

$$\vec{r}_{11} = \langle 3, 7, -4 \rangle \times 10^5 \text{ m}$$

$$m_2 = 7 \times 10^{15} \text{ kg}$$

$$\vec{r}_{12} = \langle 9, -3, -12 \rangle \times 10^5 \text{ m}$$



$$g) \vec{F}_{12} = - \frac{G m_1 m_2}{|\vec{r}|^2} \hat{r} \quad \vec{r} = \vec{r}_1 - \vec{r}_2$$

$$\vec{r} = \langle 3, 7, -4 \rangle \times 10^5 - \langle 9, -3, -12 \rangle \times 10^5 \text{ m} = \langle -6, 10, 8 \rangle \times 10^5 \text{ m}$$

$$|\vec{r}| = \sqrt{(-6)^2 + 10^2 + 8^2} = 14.142 \times 10^5 \text{ m}$$

$$\hat{r} = \frac{\vec{r}}{|\vec{r}|} = \langle -0.4243, 0.7071, 0.5659 \rangle$$

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{F}_{12} &= - \frac{(6.674 \times 10^{-11} \frac{\text{Nm}^2}{\text{kg}^2}) (1.4 \times 10^3 \text{ kg}) (7 \times 10^{15} \text{ kg})}{(14.142 \times 10^5 \text{ m})^2} \hat{r} \\ &= -3.2703 \times 10^{-4} \langle -0.4243, 0.7071, 0.5659 \rangle \end{aligned}$$

$$\boxed{\vec{F}_{12} = \langle 1.39, -2.31, -1.84 \rangle \times 10^{-4} \text{ N}}$$

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Problem P27 (cont'd)

b) $t_f = 5380, \Delta t = 538 - 532 = 6s$

$$\Delta \vec{p} = \vec{F} \Delta t = \langle 1.39, -2.31, -1.84 \rangle \times 10^{-4} N (6s)$$

$$\Delta \vec{p} = \langle 8.34, -1.39, -1.10 \rangle \times 10^{-3} kg m/s$$

Problem P39

$$m_e = 9.109 \times 10^{-31} kg$$

$$|e| = 1.602 \times 10^{-19} C$$

$$G = 6.67 \times 10^{-11} Nm^2/kg^2$$

$$k_e = 8.99 \times 10^9 Nm^2/C^2$$

m_e		m_e
0	r	0
1		1

$$F_e = \frac{k_e q_1 q_2}{r^2} = \frac{(8.99 \times 10^9) (-1.602 \times 10^{-19}) (-1.602 \times 10^{-19})}{(1 \times 10^{-10} m)^2}$$

$$F_e = 2.307 \times 10^{-8} N$$

$$F_g = \left(6.67 \times 10^{-11} \left(\frac{9.109 \times 10^{-31}}{1 \times 10^{-10}} \right)^2 \right) = 5.53 \times 10^{-51} N$$

Repulsive

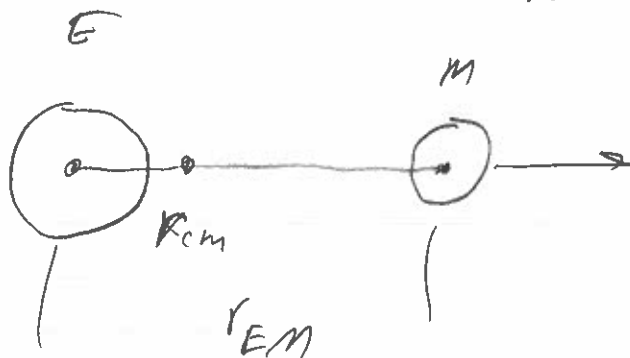
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Problem P43

$$m_E = 6 \times 10^{24} \text{ kg}$$

$$m_M = 7 \times 10^{22} \text{ kg}$$

$$r_{EM} = 4 \times 10^8 \text{ m}$$



$$r_{cm} = \frac{m_E \cdot 0 + m_M r_{EM}}{m_E + m_M} = \frac{(7 \times 10^{22})(4 \times 10^8)}{6 \times 10^{24} + 7 \times 10^{22}}$$

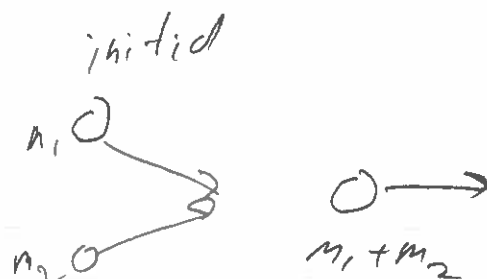
$$r_{cm} = 4.61 \times 10^6 \text{ m}$$

Since $R_E = 6.4 \times 10^6 \text{ m}$, the cm of the earth-moon system is inside the earth

Problem P.47

$$\vec{p}_{i1} = \langle -10, 20, -5 \rangle \text{ kg} \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}$$

$$\vec{p}_{i2} = \langle 8, -6, 12 \rangle \text{ kg} \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}$$



$$\vec{p}_c = \vec{p}_{i1} + \vec{p}_{i2} = \langle -10, 20, -5 \rangle + \langle 8, -6, 12 \rangle$$

$$\vec{p}_c = \langle -2, 14, 7 \rangle \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{ms}} = \vec{p}_f \quad \text{since } \vec{p}_c = \vec{p}_f$$

Problem P85

$$m_1 = 9 \text{ kg}, \quad \vec{v}_1 = \langle 4100, -2600, 2800 \rangle \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}$$

$$m_2 = 6 \text{ kg}, \quad \vec{v}_2 = \langle -450, 1800, 3500 \rangle \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}$$

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Problem PSS (cont'd)

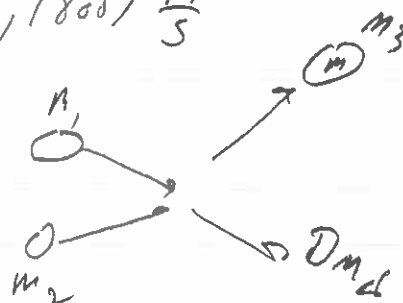
$$m_3 = 7 \text{ kg} \quad \vec{v}_{f1} = \langle 1300, 200, 1800 \rangle \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}$$

$$m_4 = 8 \text{ kg} \quad \vec{v}_{f2} = ?$$

mass is conserved

$$m_1 + m_2 = m_3 + m_4$$

$$9 + 6 = 15 = 7 + 8 \quad \checkmark$$



Use momentum conservation

$$m_1 \vec{v}_{i1} + m_2 \vec{v}_{i2} = m_3 \vec{v}_{f1} + m_4 \vec{v}_{f4}$$

$$\vec{v}_{f4} = \frac{m_1 \vec{v}_{i1} + m_2 \vec{v}_{i2} - m_3 \vec{v}_{f1}}{m_4}$$

$$= \frac{9 \langle 4100, -2600, 2900 \rangle + 6 \langle -450, 1800, 3500 \rangle}{8}$$

$$- 7 \langle 1300, 200, 1800 \rangle$$

$$\vec{v}_{f4} = \langle 3140, -1750, 4200 \rangle \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}$$